ICB CORPORATE STRATEGY PAST EXAM PAPERS Academic PDF

icb corporate strategy past exam papers are an invaluable resource for students and professionals preparing for the ICB (Institute of Certified Bookkeepers) certification exams. These past papers serve as a practical tool to understand the exam format, assess one's knowledge, and identify areas that require further study. Whether you're aiming to excel in your Corporate Strategy paper or seeking to deepen your understanding of strategic management principles, reviewing past exam papers can significantly enhance your preparation process. This article explores the importance of ICB Corporate Strategy past exam papers, offers strategies for effective utilization, and provides tips for success in your exams.

Understanding the Importance of ICB Corporate Strategy Past Exam Papers

Recreating the Exam Environment

Practicing with past exam papers helps simulate the actual testing environment. This enables candidates to become familiar with the exam's timing, question styles, and difficulty levels, thereby reducing anxiety and building confidence.

Identifying Key Topics and Exam Trends

Analyzing past papers allows students to spot recurring themes, frequently tested topics, and question formats. Recognizing these patterns guides focused revision and ensures that essential areas are thoroughly covered.

Assessing Knowledge and Skills

Attempting past papers provides a practical assessment of your understanding of corporate strategy concepts. It highlights strengths and weaknesses, helping you prioritize your study efforts effectively.

How to Effectively Use ICB Corporate Strategy Past Exam Papers

Establish a Study Schedule

Create a structured timetable that incorporates regular practice with past papers. Allocate specific days for attempting full papers and reviewing answers to ensure consistent progress.

Simulate Exam Conditions

When practicing, adhere to the actual exam time limits and avoid external distractions. This approach enhances time management skills and prepares you for real exam scenarios.

Review and Analyze Your Performance

After completing a past paper, thoroughly review your answers. Identify errors, understand the correct solutions, and note any gaps in your knowledge. This reflective process is crucial for continuous improvement.

Use Marking Schemes and Model Answers

Compare your responses with official marking schemes or model answers. This helps you understand what examiners expect and how to structure your answers to maximize marks.

Resources for Accessing ICB Corporate Strategy Past Exam Papers

Official ICB Website

The ICB provides official past exam papers and examination guidelines on their website, often accessible to registered students or members.

Study Centers and Institutions

Many accredited study centers and colleges offer access to past papers as part of their training materials and revision sessions.

Online Forums and Study Groups

Various online platforms and student forums share past papers and discuss exam strategies. Engaging with these communities can provide additional support and insights.

Third-Party Revision Materials

Numerous publishers and educational platforms offer compiled collections of past exam papers, along with solutions and study guides tailored for ICB exams.

Tips for Preparing for the Corporate Strategy Exam Using Past Papers

Focus on Core Concepts

Ensure you have a solid understanding of fundamental strategic frameworks, such as SWOT analysis, Porter?s Five Forces, and strategic planning models.

Practice Different Question Types

Familiarize yourself with various question formats, including multiple-choice, case studies, and essay-type questions, to develop versatile answering skills.

Time Management Skills

Work on pacing yourself during practice exams to ensure you can complete all questions within the allocated time.

Stay Updated on Latest Trends

Corporate strategy evolves with market trends and technological advancements. Use recent case studies alongside past papers to stay current.

Sample Approach to Using Past Papers for Effective Revision

- Gather Resources: Collect a comprehensive set of past exam papers from official sources and reputable platforms.
- Create a Study Plan: Schedule dedicated sessions for attempting these papers, interspersed with review periods.
- Attempt Under Exam Conditions: Simulate the exam environment strictly to build confidence.
- Review and Reflect: Analyze your answers critically, noting areas for improvement.
- Revise Weak Areas: Focus subsequent study sessions on topics where you encountered difficulties.
- Repeat the Process: Regularly practice with new past papers to track progress and adapt your study plan.

Conclusion

Mastering the ICB Corporate Strategy exam requires diligent preparation, strategic practice, and a clear understanding of core concepts. Utilizing past exam papers is one of the most effective ways to achieve these goals. They offer insights into exam structure, highlight important topics, and help develop necessary skills such as time management and answer articulation. By integrating past papers into your study plan and approaching them with discipline and analytical rigor, you

significantly increase your chances of success. Remember, consistency and thorough review are key ? so start practicing early, review your mistakes, and keep refining your approach until you feel fully prepared to excel on exam day.

icb corporate strategy past exam papers: Unlocking Success through Strategic Preparation

In the realm of corporate strategy education, mastering exam content is a critical step toward academic achievement and professional competence. For students and professionals preparing for the ICB (Institute of Certified Bookkeepers) examinations, particularly in the corporate strategy module, past exam papers serve as invaluable resources. These papers not only provide insight into the examiners' expectations but also enable learners to develop strategic thinking, time management skills, and a deeper understanding of core concepts. This article delves into the significance of ICB corporate strategy past exam papers, exploring their role in effective preparation, the structure of typical questions, and best practices for utilizing them to maximize success.

The Importance of ICB Corporate Strategy Past Exam Papers

- Understanding the Exam Format and Question Types

One of the foremost benefits of practicing with past papers is familiarization with the exam structure. ICB corporate strategy exams typically encompass a combination of multiple-choice questions, case studies, essay-type questions, and numerical problems. By reviewing previous papers, candidates can identify recurring question formats and adapt their preparation accordingly.

Key insights include:

- The proportion of theoretical versus practical questions.
- Common topics and themes emphasized by the examiners.
- The level of depth required for comprehensive answers.

- Gaining Insight into Examiner Expectations

Past papers reveal the depth and breadth of knowledge expected from candidates. Examiners tend to emphasize certain strategic concepts, such as competitive analysis, strategic planning, corporate governance, and industry analysis. Recognizing these patterns helps candidates focus their revision on high-yield topics.

Examiner expectations often highlight:

- Clarity of reasoning and analysis.
- Application of theoretical frameworks to real-world scenarios.
- Ability to synthesize information and present well-structured answers.

- Enhancing Time Management Skills

Time management is crucial during exams. Practicing with past papers allows candidates to simulate exam conditions, enabling them to allocate time efficiently across questions. This practice reduces exam anxiety and improves overall performance.

Strategies include:

- Setting strict time limits for each question during practice.
- Prioritizing questions based on marks and complexity.
- Practicing under timed conditions to develop pacing.

- Identifying Knowledge Gaps and Strengths

Repeated exposure to past questions helps learners identify areas where their understanding is robust and topics that require further study. This targeted revision optimizes study time and increases confidence.

Typical Structure of ICB Corporate Strategy Exam Questions

Understanding the common components of the exam allows candidates to tailor their revision strategies effectively.

- Theoretical Questions

These questions assess understanding of core concepts such as:

- Strategic management frameworks (e.g., SWOT, PESTEL, Porter?s Five Forces)
- Corporate strategy types (e.g., growth strategies, diversification)
- Strategic analysis tools and their applications

Example: "Explain how Porter?s Five Forces influence competitive positioning within an industry."

- Case Study-Based Questions

Case studies form a significant part of the exam, requiring candidates to analyze real-world scenarios and apply strategic frameworks.

Features include:

- A descriptive scenario about a business or industry.
- Multiple questions related to the case, often requiring analysis, evaluation, and strategic recommendations.

Sample task: "Using the case provided, identify the key competitive threats and suggest strategic responses."

- Numerical and Data Analysis Questions

These involve interpreting financial or operational data to inform strategic decisions.

Examples include:

- Calculating profitability ratios.
- Conducting break-even analysis.
- Evaluating investment proposals.

- Essay or Long-Answer Questions

Candidates may be asked to discuss strategic concepts comprehensively, often requiring critical evaluation supported by evidence.

Example: "Discuss the role of corporate governance in shaping strategic direction."

Best Practices for Utilizing Past Exam Papers

Maximizing the utility of ICB corporate strategy past exam papers involves strategic approaches:

- Systematic Practice Sessions

- Schedule regular practice sessions, starting with untimed attempts to build familiarity.
- Progress to timed simulations to improve exam pacing.

- Review and Analyze Mistakes

- After each practice attempt, scrutinize errors to understand misconceptions.
- Develop a list of frequently tested topics to focus revision efforts.

- Simulate Exam Conditions

- Attempt papers in an environment that mimics exam settings?quiet, timed, and free from distractions.
- Use official past papers when available to ensure relevance.

- Incorporate Feedback and Peer Review

- Discuss challenging questions with peers or instructors.
- Seek feedback on answers to improve clarity and analytical depth.

- Update with Recent Changes

- Cross-reference past papers with current syllabus updates.
- Be aware of any new topics or shifts in exam patterns.

Challenges and Limitations of Relying Solely on Past Papers

While past exam papers are invaluable, over-reliance can pose drawbacks:

- Outdated Content: Some questions may reference scenarios or frameworks no longer relevant.
- Limited Scope: Past papers may not cover all emerging topics or recent industry developments.
- Predictability Risks: Excessive practice on past papers might lead to rote learning rather than genuine understanding.

Therefore, it?s essential to complement past paper practice with comprehensive study materials, current industry reports, and active engagement with learning communities.

Additional Resources to Enhance Preparation

Beyond past exam papers, candidates should leverage a variety of resources:

- ICB Study Guides and Textbooks: Official materials align closely with exam expectations.
- Online Tutorials and Webinars: Visual and interactive content can reinforce understanding.
- Discussion Forums: Sharing insights and strategies with fellow candidates fosters deeper learning.
- Workshops and Revision Courses: Structured revision under expert guidance can boost confidence.

Final Thoughts: Strategic Preparation for Success

In conclusion, ICB corporate strategy past exam papers are a cornerstone of effective exam preparation. They offer a window into the examiners? mindset, help develop critical thinking skills, and build confidence through repeated practice. However, they should be integrated into a holistic study plan that includes current materials, practical case analysis, and active engagement with the subject matter.

Success in the ICB corporate strategy exam hinges on strategic preparation?using past papers as a tool to identify weaknesses, hone analytical skills, and simulate exam conditions. As students and professionals navigate this challenging landscape, disciplined practice combined with a comprehensive understanding of strategic principles will pave the way to achieving excellence and advancing their careers in the dynamic field of corporate management.

QuestionAnswer Where can I find past exam papers for ICB Corporate Strategy? You can access ICB Corporate Strategy past exam papers through the official ICB website, your registered learning center, or specialized educational resource platforms that host exam archives. How should I use past exam papers effectively for ICB Corporate Strategy preparation? Use past exam papers to familiarize yourself with question formats, identify common topics, practice time management, and assess your understanding of key concepts by simulating exam conditions. What are the common topics covered in ICB Corporate Strategy past exam papers? Common topics include strategic analysis, competitive positioning, strategic planning processes, corporate governance, and strategic implementation and evaluation. How can I analyze my performance on ICB Corporate Strategy past papers? After completing past papers, review your answers critically, compare them with model solutions, identify areas for improvement, and focus your revision on weak topics. Are there any tips for answering ICB Corporate Strategy exam questions effectively? Yes, read questions carefully,

plan your answers before writing, use relevant theories and frameworks, and provide clear, concise, and well-structured responses. What is the benefit of practicing ICB Corporate Strategy past exam papers regularly? Regular practice helps build confidence, improve time management skills, enhance understanding of exam expectations, and increase the likelihood of exam success. Can I find ICB Corporate Strategy past exam papers with solutions or marking guides? Yes, many past papers are accompanied by solutions or marking guides, which are often available through official ICB resources, study guides, or your training provider. How should I approach difficult questions in ICB Corporate Strategy past papers? Tackle difficult questions by breaking them down into smaller parts, applying relevant frameworks, and revisiting core concepts. If unsure, move on and return later if time permits. Is it necessary to memorize answers from past papers for ICB Corporate Strategy? No, focus on understanding concepts and applying frameworks rather than memorizing answers. This approach ensures you can adapt your knowledge to different exam questions effectively.

Related keywords: ICB, corporate strategy, past exam papers, ICB exams, strategic management, business strategy, management papers, ICB past papers, exam revision, corporate governance

Paragraph using past perfect tense

Introduction: Understanding the Paragraph Using Past Perfect Tense

Paragraph using past perfect tense is an essential element of English grammar that helps writers and speakers convey actions or states that were completed before another point in the past. Mastering how to craft such paragraphs enhances clarity, coherence, and the overall quality of your writing. Whether you're composing academic essays, storytelling, or professional reports, understanding the proper use of past perfect tense within paragraphs enables you to narrate events in a chronological and logical manner.

The past perfect tense is often overlooked by learners but is crucial for expressing sequences of past events, emphasizing the earlier action, and establishing clear timelines. This article provides an in-depth exploration of how to construct effective paragraphs using past perfect tense, including grammatical rules, examples, common mistakes, and practical tips for writing with precision and clarity.

What Is the Past Perfect Tense?

Definition and Usage

The past perfect tense describes an action that was completed before another action or time in the past. It is formed with the auxiliary verb "had" followed by the past participle of the main verb.

Structure:

- Affirmative: Subject + had + past participle (e.g., She had finished her homework.)
- Negative: Subject + had not (hadn't) + past participle (e.g., They hadn't arrived yet.)
- Interrogative: Had + subject + past participle? (e.g., Had you seen that movie?)

Primary uses include:

- Indicating an action completed before a specific point in the past.
- Showing cause-and-effect relationships between different past events.
- Narrating stories or histories with a clear sequence.

Examples of Past Perfect Tense

- She had already left when I arrived.
- They had completed the project before the deadline.
- By the time the meeting started, he had prepared all the documents.
- We had lived in that city for ten years before moving abroad.

Constructing a Paragraph Using Past Perfect Tense

1. Planning Your Narrative or Explanation

Before writing a paragraph in past perfect tense, it is vital to plan the sequence of events. Identify which actions occurred first and which followed. This planning ensures logical flow and clarity.

Steps to plan:

- List the key past events you want to include.
- Arrange them chronologically, noting which happened first.
- Decide where to use past perfect tense to emphasize the earlier actions.

2. Using Past Perfect to Clarify Time Relationships

The past perfect sets the background for a story or explanation, establishing what had happened before another past event. It helps avoid confusion about the sequence.

Example:

After she had finished her work, she went out for a walk.

In this sentence, "had finished" clearly indicates that her work was completed before she went out.

3. Combining Past Perfect with Simple Past

Typically, a paragraph using past perfect tense includes a mixture of past perfect and simple past to depict the sequence of events.

Example:

They had already eaten dinner when we arrived. We decided to wait until they finished.

Here, "had already eaten" is past perfect, happening before "we arrived," which is simple past.

4. Structuring the Paragraph Effectively

To craft a well-organized paragraph using past perfect tense, follow this structure:

- Topic Sentence: Introduce the main idea or event.
- Supporting Sentences: Use past perfect to describe actions completed before the main event.
- Additional Details: Include context or consequences, often using simple past or other tenses.
- Concluding Sentence: Summarize or reflect on the sequence.

Example Paragraph:

Before the company launched its new product, the marketing team had conducted extensive research. They had analyzed customer feedback, studied competitors, and tested various advertisement strategies. By the time the campaign started, they had already identified the target audience and tailored their messaging accordingly. This preparation contributed significantly to the campaign's success.

Common Mistakes in Using Past Perfect in Paragraphs

Understanding common errors can help you avoid pitfalls and improve your writing.

1. Overusing Past Perfect

Using past perfect unnecessarily can clutter your writing. Reserve its use for actions that clearly occurred before other past actions.

Incorrect:

- She had went to the store and bought groceries. (Incorrect form: "had went" should be "had gone.")

Correct:

- She went to the store and bought groceries.

2. Confusing Past Perfect with Past Simple

Mixing these tenses without clarity can confuse the reader about the sequence of events.

Incorrect:

- I had breakfast, then I went to school.

Better:

- I had had breakfast before I went to school. (Use past perfect for the first action.)

3. Omitting the Past Perfect When Needed

Failing to use past perfect when necessary can distort the timeline.

Example:

- She arrived after he had left. (Correct)
- She arrived after he left. (Possible but less clear about the sequence)

Practical Tips for Writing Effective Paragraphs Using Past Perfect

Tense

- Identify the timeline: Clearly determine which actions occurred first.
- Use past perfect for earlier actions: Employ it to set the background or sequence.
- Combine with simple past: Use simple past for subsequent actions.
- Maintain consistency: Keep verb tenses consistent to avoid confusion.
- Use time markers: Words like "already," "before," "by the time," "when," help clarify the sequence.

Examples of Effective Paragraphs

Example 1: Narrative of an Event

By the time the guests arrived, she had already prepared all the decorations. She had decorated the entire house, set up the tables, and arranged the flowers. When her friends knocked on the door, everything was ready, and she welcomed them with a smile. Her meticulous planning had paid off, making the celebration memorable.

Example 2: Historical Explanation

The explorers had discovered the island months before the scientific team arrived. They had documented the flora and fauna, set up temporary camps, and collected samples. When the researchers finally reached the site, they had a wealth of data to analyze, which contributed to groundbreaking ecological studies.

SEO Optimization Tips for Writing About Paragraphs Using Past Perfect Tense

To ensure your article reaches a wider audience, incorporate relevant SEO strategies:

- Use keywords naturally throughout the article, such as "past perfect tense," "how to write a paragraph using past perfect," "grammar tips for past perfect," and "examples of past perfect tense."
- Include descriptive headings with keywords.
- Maintain a clear and logical structure, making it easy for search engines to index your content.
- Use relevant internal and external links to authoritative grammar resources.
- Optimize meta descriptions and image alt texts if applicable.

Conclusion: Mastering Paragraphs Using Past Perfect Tense

Crafting well-structured paragraphs using past perfect tense is a vital skill for effective storytelling, academic writing, and professional communication. By understanding the grammatical rules, recognizing how to sequence events logically, and avoiding common mistakes, writers can produce clear, coherent, and engaging narratives. Remember to plan your narrative carefully, use past perfect to set the background, and combine it seamlessly with other tenses for smooth flow.

Practicing these techniques will enhance your command of English grammar and elevate your writing to a more professional level. Whether you're recounting past experiences, explaining historical events, or narrating stories, mastering the paragraph using past perfect tense will enable you to communicate with precision and clarity.

Start implementing these tips today and see your writing transform into compelling, well-structured narratives that captivate your audience!

Paragraph Using Past Perfect Tense

The past perfect tense, a fundamental aspect of English grammar, has long been an essential tool for writers and speakers aiming to express actions that had been completed before another past event. Its nuanced function allows for clarity and precision in storytelling, historical recounting, and detailed descriptions. This tense provides a way to establish a clear sequence of events, making narratives more coherent and engaging. Over the years, the use of the past perfect tense has evolved, influencing literature, journalism, academic writing, and everyday communication. In this article, we will explore the intricacies of the past perfect tense, its formation, usage, common pitfalls, and effective strategies for mastering it.

Understanding the Past Perfect Tense

Definition and Basic Structure

The past perfect tense is used to describe an action that had occurred before another action or point in the past. It is formed by combining the auxiliary verb had with the past participle of the main verb.

Structure:

- Affirmative: Subject + had + past participle (e.g., She had finished her homework.)
- Negative: Subject + had not (hadn't) + past participle (e.g., They hadn't arrived yet.)
- Interrogative: Had + subject + past participle? (e.g., Had you seen that movie?)

Formation Rules and Examples

The formation of the past perfect is straightforward but requires attention to verb forms. Regular verbs form the past participle by adding -ed, whereas irregular verbs have unique past participle forms.

| Verb Type | Example Sentence | Past Participle |

|---|---|---|

| Regular | I had walked to the park before it rained. | walked |

| Irregular | She had written several letters before noon. | written |

Examples:

- They had left the house when I arrived.
- She had already eaten when the guests came.
- We had never seen such a beautiful sunset before that day.

Common Uses of the Past Perfect Tense

Expressing Completed Actions Before a Past Point

The primary use of the past perfect is to specify that an action was completed before another past event.

Example:

- By the time the movie started, we had already bought the tickets.

In Reported Speech and Indirect Statements

The past perfect is often used when reporting speech, especially when the original statement involved a past perfect tense.

Example:

- She said she had finished her project before the deadline.

In Conditional Sentences

Past perfect is common in third conditional sentences, indicating hypothetical situations in the past.

Example:

- If I had known about the traffic, I would have left earlier.

To Show Cause and Effect in Past Narratives

It helps to clarify cause-and-effect relationships in stories.

Example:

- He had forgotten his umbrella, so he got soaked.

Advantages of Using the Past Perfect Tense

Using the past perfect tense effectively enhances communication by adding clarity and depth. Here are some notable advantages:

- Clarifies sequence: It helps differentiate between two past actions, establishing which occurred first.
- Adds depth to storytelling: Creates a layered narrative, giving context to events.
- Improves coherence: Assists in maintaining logical flow in complex sentences and narratives.
- Enables precise reporting: Vital in academic and journalistic contexts for accurate recounting of events.

Challenges and Common Mistakes

Overuse or Misuse of the Past Perfect

One common error is overusing the past perfect where simple past would suffice, leading to clunky sentences.

Example of overuse:

- Incorrect: She had gone to the store, and then she had bought groceries.
- Correct: She went to the store and then bought groceries.

Confusing Past Perfect with Other Tenses

Learners often confuse the past perfect with the simple past or past continuous, leading to grammatical inaccuracies.

Incorrect:

- I had saw him yesterday.
- Correct: I saw him yesterday.

Tip: Remember that "had" + past participle is past perfect; "saw" is simple past.

Misapplication in Conditional Sentences

Using the wrong tense in conditionals can distort meaning.

Incorrect:

- If she had studied, she would pass the exam.
- Correct: If she had studied, she would have passed the exam.

Strategies to Master the Past Perfect Tense

Practice with Timeline Exercises

Creating timelines of events can help visualize the sequence and reinforce correct tense usage.

Tip: Map out events and identify which happened first, then practice forming sentences accordingly.

Engage in Reading and Analysis

Reading literature, news articles, and historical accounts that employ the past perfect can improve understanding and intuition.

Exercise: Highlight sentences with past perfect and analyze their function.

Writing and Revising

Regularly practice writing stories or recounts involving past events. Review and revise to ensure correct tense usage.

Use Grammar Tools and Resources

Leverage online grammar checkers, tutorials, and exercises dedicated to past perfect tense.

Examples in Literature and Media

Many authors and speakers have utilized the past perfect to craft compelling narratives.

Literary Examples:

- In Charles Dickens? works, past perfect often appears to set historical context.
- In memoirs, authors frequently use past perfect to recount prior experiences.

Media and Journalism:

- News reports often employ the past perfect when describing events leading up to a recent incident.

Conclusion

The past perfect tense, though seemingly simple in structure, plays a crucial role in conveying complex sequences of past actions. Its correct application enhances clarity, storytelling depth, and grammatical precision. While it can pose challenges for learners, consistent practice, mindful analysis, and contextual reading can significantly improve mastery. As language users continue to refine their understanding of this tense, their ability to narrate, report, and analyze past events with nuance and accuracy will undoubtedly strengthen. Embracing the past perfect as a vital grammatical tool opens up richer ways to communicate the layered tapestry of human experiences and histories.

In summary, mastering the past perfect tense involves understanding its formation, recognizing its primary functions, avoiding common pitfalls, and applying it effectively in various contexts. Whether in academic writing, storytelling, or everyday conversation, the past perfect remains a powerful means to articulate the sequence and significance of past events with clarity and sophistication.

QuestionAnswer What is the past perfect tense used for in a paragraph? The past perfect tense

is used in a paragraph to show that an action was completed before another past action or point in time. How can I identify a paragraph that uses the past perfect tense? Look for verbs that are in the form of had + past participle, which indicate actions completed before other past events within the paragraph. Why is it important to use past perfect tense correctly in a paragraph? Using past perfect correctly helps clarify the sequence of events, making the timeline of actions clear and improving the coherence of the paragraph. Can you give an example of a paragraph using the past perfect tense? Sure. 'She had finished her homework before her friends arrived. By the time I called, she had already left the house.' What are common mistakes to avoid when using past perfect tense in a paragraph? Common mistakes include using the past perfect with simple past instead of when it?s necessary, or omitting 'had' and just using the past participle. How does the past perfect tense improve storytelling in a paragraph? It provides clarity on the sequence of events, helping the reader understand what happened first and how events are connected chronologically. Is it necessary to use past perfect tense in all past narratives? No, it?s only necessary when you want to emphasize that one past action occurred before another past action. How do I change a simple past sentence into a past perfect sentence? Add 'had' before the past participle of the verb. For example, 'She finished her work' becomes 'She had finished her work.' What are some signal words that indicate the use of past perfect in a paragraph? Words like 'before', 'by the time', 'already', and 'when' often signal the need for past perfect tense. Can past perfect tense be used in both formal and informal writing within a paragraph? Yes, past perfect tense can be used in both contexts to clarify the sequence of events, although it is more common in formal writing.

Related keywords: past perfect tense, paragraph writing, grammatical structure, writing tips, tense usage, English grammar, sentence construction, language learning, writing skills, tense consistency

Read the full article online: paragraph using past perfect tense